

***Directions: Each day at the start of class spend about five minutes completing the question of the day along with your equation for that particular day. It is your responsibility to complete both the questions and the equations daily. Each Friday I will grade both your questions and equations for that week.***

1. What is something a person wants to achieve?
  - a. winning
  - b. money
  - c. success
  - d. a goal
2. What is a term for the strategies for achieving goals?
  - a. ways and means
  - b. accomplishments
  - c. achievements
  - d. objectives
3. What type of goal takes five or more years to achieve and usually involves many steps?
  - a. short-term goal
  - b. intermediate goal
  - c. long-term goal
  - d. personal goal
4. What type of goal focuses on improved relations with other people?
  - a. personal goal
  - b. interpersonal goal
  - c. professional goal
  - d. short-term goal
5. Which of the following is an aspect that relates to effective goals?
  - a. rigid
  - b. unclear
  - c. challenging
  - d. immeasurable
6. What is the first step in the job search process?
  - a. locating information or sources for job opportunities
  - b. completing an application
  - c. interviewing
  - d. preparing a cover letter
7. What do placement services do?
  - a. guarantee a job
  - b. contact potential employers
  - c. help people find jobs
  - d. interview for you
8. What does direct calling involve?
  - a. friends and family
  - b. newspapers, magazines, radio, and television
  - c. web pages
  - d. personally contacting employers to ask about job openings
9. What is a written explanation of the type of service to be performed by the job holder?
  - a. job description
  - b. job security
  - c. job advancement
  - d. training opportunities

10. What is an understanding as to how long the job will last?
- a. job description
  - b. job security
  - c. job advancement
  - d. training opportunities
11. What should a candidate do prior to applying for a job?
- a. move to the community
  - b. familiarize themselves with the employer and the type of business
  - c. quit their current position
  - d. take a long vacation
12. The costs for housing, food, utilities, and insurance in a particular city or town is referred to as \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. quality of life
  - b. livelihood
  - c. cost of living
  - d. financial needs
13. What are two methods of applying for a job?
- a. personal visitation and a formal letter of application
  - b. referral by a friend and personal visitation
  - c. a formal letter of application and writing a resume
  - d. referral by a friend and writing a resume
14. What refers to the position for which the candidate is applying?
- a. education
  - b. past employment
  - c. references
  - d. employment desired
15. What refers to previous jobs the candidate has held?
- a. education
  - b. past employment
  - c. references
  - d. employment desired
16. What is a written summary of one's education, experience, and other qualifications?
- a. letter of application
  - b. application
  - c. transcripts
  - d. resume
17. What is another term for personal data sheet or curriculum vitae?
- a. cover letter
  - b. application
  - c. transcripts
  - d. resume
18. What is a statement as to the type of position for which a candidate is qualified?
- a. personal information
  - b. career objective
  - c. work experience
  - d. resume
19. What is a business letter, which indicates that a candidate is applying for a job?
- a. letter of application
  - b. application
  - c. transcripts
  - d. resume

20. What should a letter of application provide?
- a. a detailed history of the applicant
  - b. an important first impression to the employer
  - c. some idea as to what salary level is expected
  - d. grades and test scores
21. What is the key to a good chapter meeting?
- a. refreshments
  - b. planning
  - c. keeping it short
  - d. the location
22. What is a motion used to change or improve a motion?
- a. point of order
  - b. main motion
  - c. refer to committee
  - d. amendment
23. Who is responsible for arranging the room prior to the meeting?
- a. president
  - b. vice-president
  - c. sentinel
  - d. advisor
24. What is a certain set of "rules" used to maintain order in a meeting?
- a. gavel guides
  - b. parliamentary law
  - c. rules of meeting
  - d. main motions
25. What is another word for an order of business?
- a. agenda
  - b. steps
  - c. recipe
  - d. ABC's
26. What is performing activities that improve the quality of life in a community?
- a. community service
  - b. volunteerism
  - c. plan of service
  - d. teamwork
27. What are groups formed to improve life in the local community?
- a. religion-based organizations
  - b. student organizations
  - c. civic clubs
  - d. youth organizations
28. What is a written statement of the group's skills and talents and the ways of providing service?
- a. service
  - b. program of work
  - c. volunteer
  - d. plan of service
29. What is the giving of one's time without pay?
- a. community service
  - b. volunteerism
  - c. plan of service
  - d. teamwork
30. What does having people to work together for a common cause indicate?
- a. community service
  - b. volunteerism
  - c. plan of service
  - d. teamwork

31. What is the process of sending and receiving messages in which two or more people achieve understanding; the process of exchanging information?
- a. interference
  - b. barriers
  - c. semantics
  - d. communications
32. What is the limited time one has to communicate about a problem or gather information?
- a. deadline
  - b. channel
  - c. feedback
  - d. interferences
33. Which of the following is a communication barrier that occurs when people block out information that they do not want to hear?
- a. selective perception
  - b. poor listening skills
  - c. semantics
  - d. filtering
34. What is a method of conducting meetings in an orderly manner that is based on Roberts' Rules of Order?
- a. self-communication
  - b. group communication
  - c. parliamentary procedure
  - d. leadership
35. What is discussion within groups of people?
- a. one-on-one communication
  - b. group communication
  - c. public communication
  - d. mass-media communication
36. For what reason is a persuasive message designed?
- a. to convince yourself that you are right
  - b. to take on an authoritative role
  - c. to change the way someone feels about something
  - d. to reinforce a common belief
37. Which proposition category attempts to prove that something is true?
- a. proposition of fact
  - b. proposition of evaluation
  - c. proposition of policy
  - d. proposition of convenience
38. What term is used to describe the speaker's moral and ethical traits?
- a. competence
  - b. intent
  - c. character
  - d. personality
39. What demonstrates credibility to the audience?
- a. be ready to speak
  - b. be an efficient user of time and avoid preparation
  - c. be self absorbed
  - d. contain emotion and avoid appearing excited
40. What are beliefs held by persons with good reputations and knowledge of the subject?
- a. myths
  - b. facts
  - c. hearsay
  - d. expert opinions

41. What can be defined as a collection of a person's distinctive, individual qualities?
- a. personality
  - b. character
  - c. intent
  - d. self-esteem
42. What is a trait that demonstrates good people skills?
- a. asking others to do your work
  - b. criticizing
  - c. withholding complements
  - d. being courteous
43. What should you do when you talk or write to your supervisor about a problem?
- a. bring up the problem slowly after conducting small talk
  - b. lay out you personal opinions
  - c. explain the problem clearly
  - d. since you brought the problem to the boss's attention allow him or her to determine the solution
44. When requesting information from a supervisor \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Make a point to demand the information you should have.
  - b. Use the art of vagueness to be gentle.
  - c. Give prior thought to your audience, the purpose, and most of all, what you want to say.
  - d. Near the close of the meeting present the problem or situation.
45. What is the primary purpose of written communication?
- a. to entertain
  - b. to inform
  - c. to exchange opinions
  - d. to hire and fire
46. What is a method of distributing the cost of capital items over the life of the asset?
- a. inventory
  - b. depreciation schedule
  - c. financial statement
  - d. record of receipts
47. What is a listing of assets, liabilities, and net worth of a business?
- a. accounts receivable
  - b. depreciation schedule
  - c. financial statement
  - d. accounts payable
48. Which of the following major entries in a record book would be done as they occur?
- a. Set up the depreciation schedule.
  - b. Enter the beginning inventories.
  - c. Enter records of receipts, expenses, and production.
  - d. Complete the depreciation schedules for the year.
49. In completing and summarizing records, \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. Check the production quantities.
  - b. Total and check the expense columns.
  - c. Complete and check inventories.
  - d. All the above.

50. What does an expense record include?
- a. cash expenses, which were paid during the year
  - b. a list of assets on hand and their value at a particular time
  - c. a picture of the financial position of a business at any point of time
  - d. records of short-term credit extended
51. What is the primary consideration in deciding whether to expand an SAE program?
- a. student interest
  - b. overall financial success
  - c. How efficient was the enterprise?
  - d. Was there profit gained?
52. Which of the following is a consideration in deciding whether to expand an SAE program?
- a. Will expansion provide the potential for increasing profit and for efficiency?
  - b. Is there enough labor supply and opportunity to meet the demands of the planned expansion?
  - c. What are the financial benefits to the SAE of the expansion?
  - d. All the above
53. What term describes the size, sales volume, number of acres, etc., of the SAE program?
- a. diversification
  - b. ownership SAE
  - c. scope
  - d. placement SAE
54. What refers to the student activities conducted by students as owners or managers for profit?
- a. diversification
  - b. ownership SAE
  - c. scope
  - d. placement SAE
55. What is accomplished by adding or increasing new products and/or enterprises?
- a. diversification
  - b. ownership SAE
  - c. scope
  - d. placement SAE
56. Who is noted for applying ecology to wildlife?
- a. John James Audubon
  - b. John Muir
  - c. Gifford Pinchot
  - d. Aldo Leopold
57. What is the use of natural resources for profit?
- a. conservation
  - b. exploitation
  - c. preservation
  - d. protection
58. What act was passed in 1966 with the purpose of identifying and managing rare, threatened, and endangered species of wildlife?
- a. Endangered Species Act
  - b. Lacey Act
  - c. Migratory Bird Conservation Act
  - d. Pittman-Robertson Act
59. What term is used for the wise use of the natural resources in our environment?
- a. environmental extremism
  - b. wildlife management
  - c. consumptive use
  - d. wildlife conservation

60. The value placed on the study and research of wildlife is called \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. commercial value
  - b. scientific value
  - c. aesthetic value
  - d. ecological value
61. What is an example of a way that wildlife species can be repopulated?
- a. removal of food sources
  - b. constructing safe environments where the animals can breed and give birth
  - c. increase use of chemicals in the environment
  - d. move the species to other areas that are more polluted or more
62. The Endangered Species Act makes \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. it illegal to harm any endangered species
  - b. it legal to harm any endangered species
  - c. it illegal for private groups to manage wildlife species
  - d. it legal for private groups to manage wildlife species
63. A species that has disappeared from the earth is said to be \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. missing
  - b. weak
  - c. extinct
  - d. endangered
64. How do species become endangered?
- a. polluting and urban sprawl
  - b. introduction of new species to an area
  - c. poaching
  - d. all the above
65. What is a definition for a threatened species?
- a. a species of wildlife that is in immediate danger of extinction
  - b. a species of wildlife that exists only in small numbers
  - c. a species of wildlife that is likely to become endangered
  - d. a species that has disappeared from the earth
66. Are there human health problems associated with wildlife?
- a. Yes, mumps, measles, and chicken pox are transmitted by birds.
  - b. No, none.
  - c. Yes, some diseases that cause illness and death in humans are carried and transmitted by wildlife.
  - d. No, people cause disease to wildlife animals.
67. What are two animals that are known to cause problems in the attics of houses?
- a. deer and rabbits
  - b. beaver and chipmunks
  - c. opossum and black bears
  - d. bats and raccoons
68. How do most states protect wildlife species and their habitats?
- a. They leave the control of wildlife completely up to private citizens.
  - b. They give wildlife freedom to do as they wish.
  - c. They have a number of laws and regulations.
  - d. They eliminate wildlife where it can be found

69. What type of animal is one that sleeps during the day and looks for food at night?
- a. diurnal
  - b. nocturnal
  - c. internal
  - d. external
70. What are two diseases associated with wildlife?
- a. Lyme disease and the West Nile Virus
  - b. arthritis and gout
  - c. Malaria and cystic fibrosis
  - d. Yellow fever and sickle cell anemia
71. Plants make their food by the process of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. respiration
  - b. circulation
  - c. digestion
  - d. photosynthesis
72. What is the sequence in a community in which animal wildlife species get their food?
- a. food chain
  - b. food web
  - c. biotic
  - d. abiotic
73. What is the movement of an animal from one place to another?
- a. circulation
  - b. locomotion
  - c. secretion
  - d. sensation
74. How is a wildlife animal that eats both plant and animal material classified?
- a. herbivore
  - b. carnivore
  - c. omnivore
  - d. scavenger
75. \_\_\_\_\_ is the period of life of an organism, which includes five stages.
- a. growth
  - b. maturation
  - c. life span
  - d. life processes
76. What is habitat?
- a. a series of transfers of food energy from one organism to another
  - b. the water source for wildlife animals
  - c. the physical area in which members of a wildlife species live
  - d. the source of energy for all living things
77. What is the study of the form, shape, and appearance of animals?
- a. physiology
  - b. anatomy
  - c. kinesiology
  - d. nomenclature
78. What is a nutrient?
- a. an enzyme
  - b. a chemical substance in food that supports life
  - c. plant or animal matter that supports life
  - d. an inorganic mineral

79. A scientific name of an animal is a combination of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. family and order
  - b. kingdom and class
  - c. phylum and variety
  - d. genus and species
80. \_\_\_\_\_ involves the union of the sperm with the egg.
- a. sexual reproduction
  - b. asexual reproduction
  - c. cloning
  - d. in vitro
81. What are habitat requirements for selected species of animal wildlife?
- a. home range, territory, food, and space
  - b. biotic pyramid, territory, and water
  - c. metabolism, food, cover, and space
  - d. food, water, cover, and space
82. What are two basic goals of wildlife habitat management?
- a. to provide a habitat for many different wildlife species
  - b. to provide a habitat for a specific wildlife species
  - c. to provide a habitat for featured species or for species richness
  - d. to provide habitat for two unrelated species
83. \_\_\_\_\_ is using practices that promote the growth of desired plant species.
- a. Understory management
  - b. Vegetation management
  - c. Firebreak management
  - d. Clear-cut management
84. What is edge, a concept also known as ecotone?
- a. It is mixing lots of different stages within an area.
  - b. It is the area where two habitats meet.
  - c. It is an area that provides less food, water, and cover for a variety of species than areas of the same vegetation type.
  - d. all the above
85. Large ecosystem areas with a distinct combination of animals and plants area known as \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. biomes
  - b. taigas
  - c. estuaries
  - d. savannas
86. What is the process in the food chain where pollutants increase to a concentrated level?
- a. direct effect
  - b. indirect effect
  - c. biological magnification
  - d. food chain saturation
87. Clearing land for development is an example of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. habitat loss
  - b. human pollution
  - c. park improvements
  - d. all the above

88. What is a written document describing the needs of an area to improve a habitat for a featured species and specifies how and when the work will be done?
- a. vegetation survey
  - b. habitat management plan
  - c. wildlife refuge system
  - d. Game Bird and Wild Bird Preservation Act
89. Why are snags valuable?
- a. They provide land with a covering of trees.
  - b. Many herbivores in the forest feed snags including nuts, seeds, and fruit from trees and shrubs.
  - c. Holes in snags are used by woodpeckers, insects, owls, and squirrels.
  - d. They reduce wild currents and drifting snow in northern climates.
90. What is banding?
- a. counting the number of wildlife in an area
  - b. determining the kinds and amounts of vegetation present in important wildlife areas
  - c. providing a secure habitat for species that require protected areas
  - d. placing a band around the leg of a bird to identify it for study
91. \_\_\_\_\_ is the tender growth of shrubs and trees.
- a. herbage
  - b. browse
  - c. mast
  - d. perennials
92. What is the number of young produced per unit of population over a given time called?
- a. birth rate
  - b. death rate
  - c. population
  - d. population density
93. Vertical stratification refers to \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. layers or strata of habitat growth
  - b. a total of 2 layers of growth
  - c. the climax stage of growth
  - d. all the living things in an area
94. What happens during the equinox?
- a. nights are at their longest and days their shortest
  - b. nights are at their shortest and days their longest
  - c. the Earth turns on an imaginary axis
  - d. night and day are exactly the same number of hours
95. What is the definition for climate?
- a. the air that surrounds Earth
  - b. the layer of the atmosphere that is closest to Earth
  - c. the weather that is generally present in a location
  - d. the current condition in the atmosphere

96. What does production cycle describe?

- a. the complete production of a crop from seed stock to market size
- b. the proper amount of protein, fat, minerals, carbohydrates, and vitamins must be fed according to the animal
- c. man-made feeds that are produced according to the needs of the animal
- d. monitoring facilities and maintaining water quality

97. Which is true in regards to the harvesting of fish?

- a. Fish raised in tanks are difficult to harvest because of the size of facility.
- b. Dip nets are used to harvest tanks out of tanks.
- c. Raceways must be drained.
- d. Ponds are more complicated to harvest because they require the use of a seine

98. \_\_\_\_\_ is the production of aquatic vegetation and animals.

- a. fishery
- b. hatchery
- c. aquaculture
- d. fishculture

99. What is a fish species well suited for aquaculture and originally found in Africa?

- a. bluegills
- b. tilapia
- c. catfish
- d. salmon

100. What water structure is human-made, uses flowing water, and is normally long, narrow, and 3 to 4 feet deep?

- a. tank
- b. pens and cages
- c. pond
- d. raceway

101. A \_\_\_\_\_ is a long feather located on the top of the head.

- a. tuft
- b. plume
- c. quill
- d. spike

102. Which is true of the Reeve pheasant?

- a. attempts to introduce this pheasant into North America have been successful
- b. into China have failed
- c. attempts to introduce this pheasant into North America have failed
- d. attempts to introduce this pheasant into England, and France have been successful

103. What is a distinct characteristic of chukar partridges?

- a. a black band running across the forehead through the eyes, down the neck, and meeting between the white throat feathers and breast
- b. a red stripe running across the upper breast, branching up the neck, and meeting at the back of the head
- c. a white topped crest extending from midhead to rear of head
- d. a chestnut throat coloration

104. The ringneck pheasant is a hardy bird that prefer \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. overgrown grassy fields, or corn fields, near a creek bank
  - b. forested areas among mountain ravines
  - c. dry desert type conditions
  - d. short-grass prairies that provide good grazing
105. What is the widest ranging of quail species?
- a. Gambel's quail
  - b. California quail
  - c. Mearn's quail
  - d. Bobwhite quail
106. What is the water produced from foods that are eaten?
- a. bound water
  - b. metabolized water
  - c. open water
  - d. capillary water
107. What type of habitat do bobwhite quail prefer?
- a. different types of cover, and brush and trees of several ages
  - b. dense forested areas
  - c. open grasslands
  - d. marshes
108. Why are perches important to quail?
- a. to keep their feet dry during rain
  - b. to look for predators
  - c. to look for food
  - d. to establish territory and mates
109. What percent of a quail's water requirement is acquired through metabolism?
- a. 10-20
  - b. 30-50
  - c. 70-90
  - d. none
110. The majority of the quail's diet consists of \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. insects and grubs
  - b. leaves and buds
  - c. seeds from various plants
  - d. earthworms and grubs
111. \_\_\_\_\_ means being placed in the incubator.
- a. set
  - b. match
  - c. laid
  - d. hatch
112. Why are brooding pens lighted 24 hours a day during the first week of brooding?
- a. so the manager can monitor chick behavior
  - b. so chicks don't get frightened
  - c. so that young chicks will learn to eat and drink
  - d. so the young chicks can see where they are going
113. Which is true about feeders and waterers?
- a. Precautions should be taken to allow puddling around waterers.
  - b. Keep all feeds covered to keep them wet.
  - c. A continuous supply of fresh, cool drinking water must be provided.
  - d. A supply of fresh, cool drinking water must be provided once a day.

114. Which is an accepted recommendation for proper care of eggs?
- a. Keep nest areas damp.
  - b. Collect eggs a minimum of three times daily.
  - c. Spray insecticides around breeder pens and the egg holding room.
  - d. Use heavily soiled eggs for hatching.
115. Most diseases affecting game birds are caused by \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. microorganisms or viruses spread from by people
  - b. microorganisms or viruses spread by mites and other parasitic insects
  - c. microorganisms or viruses spread from water and feed
  - d. microorganisms or viruses spread from bird to bird directly or indirectly
116. What is a graphical representation of a series of transfers of food energy from one organism to another?
- a. biotic pyramid
  - b. food spiral
  - c. USDA food triangle
  - d. abiotic triangle
117. What should be included in a management to promote species richness?
- a. A single successional stage is present.
  - b. The edges have low contrast.
  - c. Unbroken block sizes are of 1 to 4 acres.
  - d. A wide variety of vegetation layers is present with each area containing only one successional stage
118. \_\_\_\_\_ obtain food energy by eating the plants.
- a. carnivores
  - b. herbivores
  - c. omnivores
  - d. salvadors
119. What is a low-growing broadleaf plant?
- a. mast
  - b. grain
  - c. forage
  - d. forb
120. The final stage in habitat growth is known as the \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. pioneer vegetation stage
  - b. succession growth stage
  - c. climax stage
  - d. native species stage
121. What is a major factor affecting wildlife populations?
- a. habitat loss
  - b. habitat degradation
  - c. accidents
  - d. all the above
122. How is population status defined?
- a. the overall health condition and numerical count of wildlife populations
  - b. the ability of a population to increase
  - c. by reproductive potential
  - d. by population health

123. What is any one action working alone, or in combination, to decrease the population?
- a. reproductive potential
  - b. population health
  - c. a limiting factor
  - d. population management
124. \_\_\_\_\_ is a measure of how crowded or sparse organisms are in an area.
- a. population
  - b. population density
  - c. birth rate
  - d. death rate
125. What is the number of animals that a particular area can safely support?
- a. overpopulation
  - b. hunting quotas
  - c. species richness
  - d. carrying capacity
126. How are game birds harvested?
- a. fishing
  - b. flushing
  - c. hunting
  - d. herding
127. Dogs that freeze into a statue-like pose when they smell or see birds on the ground are said to \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. point
  - b. be zombie-like
  - c. sniff
  - d. retrieve
128. Why do operators remove feed and water 4 to 6 hours before slaughtering game birds raised in captivity?
- a. to save money
  - b. to minimize carcass contamination during processing
  - c. to lighten the weight at processing time
  - d. all the above
129. Game birds may be prepared like \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. beef
  - b. pork
  - c. lamb
  - d. chicken
130. What is done to field dress a bird?
- a. The entrails and crop are removed.
  - b. The feathers are plucked.
  - c. The bird is frozen immediately.
  - d. The bird is hung to ripen
131. \_\_\_\_\_ has four pairs of legs for walking and two pairs of legs near their heads.
- a. insects
  - b. arachnids
  - c. mollusks
  - d. worms
132. What are animals that are covered with fur or hair, regulate their internal body temperature, and the females produce milk for the babies?
- a. reptiles
  - b. amphibians
  - c. fish
  - d. mammals

133. What method of animal classification is based on internal and external body structures?

- a. taxonomy
- b. taxidermy
- c. morphology
- d. dendrology

134. What is the broadest level of scientific classification?

- a. kingdom
- b. family
- c. genus
- d. order

135. What is an animal with a backbone?

- a. courageous
- b. invertebrate
- c. vertebrate
- d. exoskeletal

136. Sometimes \_\_\_\_\_ will eat the bark and twigs off trees?

- a. ducks
- b. bear
- c. turkey
- d. deer

137. What environmental factor can affect the food supply for animals?

- a. drought
- b. fire
- c. floods
- d. all the above

138. Which of the following is a way humans can help provide food for animals?

- a. Tilling land right up to the edges of fields.
- b. Removing all trees and burning debris when harvesting trees.
- c. Providing corn and other feeds to wildlife.
- d. Providing high levels of phosphate and nitrate fertilizers to ponds to produce aquatic plants for fish to consume

139. Ruminant animals, such as deer and bison, utilize this food source extensively.

- a. leaves
- b. flowers
- c. fruit
- d. roots

140. Energy nutrients include \_\_\_\_\_.

- a. proteins and sugars
- b. carbohydrates and fats
- c. vitamins and minerals
- d. vitamins and water

141. \_\_\_\_\_ consists of hunters setting baited traps in the wild that snare or capture the animals.

- a. fishing
- b. trapping
- c. herding
- d. flushing

142. What region of the United States is home to the most intensive fur farming?

- a. southeast
- b. southwest
- c. southern half
- d. northern half

143. How is whelping defined?
- a. when young animals are removed from their mother
  - b. giving birth
  - c. when the animals mate to produce offspring
  - d. the shedding of summer fur
144. Which of the following is required for quality care of fur producing animals?
- a. high quality accommodations
  - b. clean, effective watering systems
  - c. proper nutrition
  - d. all the above
145. What are the dominant species of animals raised on fur farms?
- a. mink, fox, and chinchillas
  - b. deer, rabbits, and bear
  - c. raccoon, bobcats, and lynx
  - d. opossum, wolves, and beaver
146. Which describes temperate areas?
- a. surround the equator and are characterized by warm temperatures year round
  - b. an area with very little or no rainfall
  - c. cover much of the Earth and are characterized by large trees and moderate to heavy rainfall
  - d. occurs either in the artic or at high altitudes and is characterized by ground that is permanently frozen
147. A habitat must provide \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. food, water, cover, and space
  - b. safety from predators
  - c. year-round favorable climate
  - d. all the above
148. What refers to how the plant and animals species are distributed throughout the community?
- a. topography
  - b. pattern
  - c. structure
  - d. layer
149. What is the process of habitat changing over time from a stage where there is just bare ground to a stage where there are mature trees called?
- a. habitat succession
  - b. ecological climax
  - c. stage-by-stage succession
  - d. food chain development
150. What two factors are evaluated when looking at a mixed habitat?
- a. internal suspension and sedge
  - b. interspersion and edge
  - c. immersion and ledge
  - d. interaction and cover
151. What term is used to describe how different populations react differently to changes in habitat, weather, etc.?
- a. population response
  - b. reproductive potential
  - c. limiting factor
  - d. population change

152. \_\_\_\_\_ represents the changes that occur in a wildlife population over a year.
- a. birth rate
  - b. death rate
  - c. population curve
  - d. population density
153. \_\_\_\_\_ occurs when animals fight for the same food or water.
- a. competition
  - b. predation
  - c. commensalism
  - d. mutualism
154. Which of the following is a problem that may be faced when managing wildlife?
- a. Growth of natural vegetation that causes a production of the food supply and habitat.
  - b. Wetlands are drained, thus increasing the available habitat for species that live in those areas.
  - c. Polluted waters not only promote aquatic plant and animal life, it also increases water.
  - d. Mankind can adversely affect wildlife by introducing non native species
155. Some land use activities can result in total loss of wildlife habitat through \_\_\_\_\_.
- a. habitat degradation
  - b. wildlife habitat
  - c. habitat destruction
  - d. controlled hunting
156. What involves removing the hair, skin, internal organs, and other non-needed parts of the animal?
- a. filleting
  - b. curing
  - c. prepping
  - d. dressing
157. How are fees collected from hunting licenses used?
- a. to fund education in public schools
  - b. to fund hunting safety courses and wildlife conservation efforts
  - c. to fund hunting expeditions
  - d. all the above
158. How is the use of animal wildlife for ornamentation explained?
- a. use for clothing
  - b. use of products for decorative purposes
  - c. use for medical purposes
  - d. use for food
159. What is the quantity of an animal that a hunter may kill in a day or a season?
- a. hunting license
  - b. shooting hours
  - c. bag limit
  - d. hunting season
160. What is the most common method of harvesting game animals?
- a. hunting
  - b. trapping
  - c. snaring
  - d. herding

161. How is shooting distinguished from hunting?

- a. Shooting is harvesting game for food.
- b. Hunting is firing of guns to develop skills in aiming, firing, and accuracy.
- c. Shooting is non-hunting firing of guns to develop skills in aiming, firing, and accuracy.
- d. Hunting is usually at different kinds of stationary or moving targets.

162. Which is one of three habits that one can develop to help shoot safely?

- a. Treat each firearm like a loaded firearm.
- b. Always control the muzzle of your firearm.
- c. Be sure of your target and what is beyond.
- d. all the above

163. Why are trigger locks useful?

- a. They prevent the gun from being accidentally fired.
- b. They can last a long time.
- c. They keep the firearm dry.
- d. They keep sand and dirt out of the action.

164. What is a basic survival rule that can help you when you are in the woods?

- a. Hunt alone.
- b. Travel light by not carrying food or excess water.
- c. Tell someone where you are going and when you plan to return.
- d. Plan your hunt so you can return to your vehicle or camp after dark.

165. \_\_\_\_\_ is any combination of powder, shot, or bullets used in shotguns, rifles, or pistols.

- a. bag limit
- b. ammunition
- c. gear
- d. firearm

166. Why is how the general public feels about wildlife and hunting important?

- a. Their feelings will affect future laws and regulations regarding hunting and land use.
- b. Most hunters lack ethics and are irresponsible.
- c. They and their children could possibly become hunters?
- d. The opinions of the general public really don't matter.

167. \_\_\_\_\_ are the extra benefits given to a person or a group of people who meet certain conditions.

- a. privileges
- b. responsibilities
- c. ethics
- d. payments

168. What is taking game where hunting is not allowed, or while trespassing, or out of season, or shooting more than the limit allows, or taking game before or after shooting hours?

- a. hunting
- b. sneaking
- c. poaching
- d. ethical

169. How is the sportsman stage of a hunter described?

- a. The hunter thinks that good hunting involves a lot of shooting.
- b. The hunter still wants to kill game and limit out, but like to study the habits of the game.
- c. The hunter tends to enjoy the total hunting experience including: fine-tuning their hunting skills, training dogs, studying animal habits, and purchasing equipment.
- d. The hunter tends to look for certain animals and may travel far distances to find the trophy.

170. Which is true of TREAD lightly?

- a. Travel only off the trails, roads, or land areas.
- b. Respect and be courteous to other users who enjoy the solitude of the lands you are traveling.
- c. Seek out sensitive areas with your vehicle.
- d. Drive across the land and water that you may enjoy yourself to the fullest.

171. What term is use for the measurement of a rifle?

- a. bore
- b. magazine
- c. broadhead
- d. caliber

172. What is a cartridge?

- a. the container that holds the shot, powder, and other parts needed in the ammunition of shotguns.
- b. a pellet of steel, lead, or other material used in shotgun shells.
- c. ammunition manufactured for a rifle
- d. the part of the repeating firearm that holds ammunition until it is ready to be fed into the chamber

173. What is a firearm that fires several small pellets in a pattern at a target?

- a. shotgun
- b. pistol
- c. rifle
- d. bow

174. What are the three parts of a handgun?

- a. trigger, hammer, primer
- b. frame, barrel, action
- c. cylinder, grip, barrel
- d. stock, barrel, trigger

175. \_\_\_\_\_ is using a bow to propel an arrow in order to harvest game.

- a. quivering
- b. muzzleloading
- c. bowhunting
- d. shooting

176. What is a common safety hazard while fishing?

- a. turtle and snail bites
- b. the sharp spines on all fish
- c. handling hooks
- d. biting bait

177. Which of the following is true of sport fishing?

- a. The fish are caught in large quantities and marketed fresh, canned, or frozen.
- b. The fish caught by sport fishers are often eaten at home or released back into the water.
- c. Practically all sport fishers operate from boats that range in size from a 14 foot flat bottom boat to diesel-powered boats more than 100 feet long.
- d. The life of a sport fisher is strenuous and demanding

178. What is a legal regulation regarding fishing and boating?

- a. The size and the number of fish caught are often regulated.
- b. Some species of fish are restricted to being caught.
- c. Licenses are needed for fishing.
- d. all the above

179. Most hooks have a \_\_\_\_\_ that ensures that the hook is "set" and does not release from the fish.

- a. barb
- b. eyehole
- c. line
- d. curve

180. What is a piece of life-saving equipment worn in water related sports such as boating.

- a. a personal flotation device (PFD)
- b. an anchor
- c. a wet suit
- d. a chest wader